

# FULL SCALE ARENA ASTM F 1642 TEST REPORT

#### Rendered to:

Solar Gard®

MODEL DESIGNATION: Solar Gard® Armorcoat® Safety & Security Films

**PRODUCT TYPE:** Safety and Security Films

This report contains in its entirety:

Cover Page: 1 page
Report Body: 11 pages
Appendix A: 11 pages
Appendix B: 3 pages
Appendix C: 8 pages
Appendix D: 4 pages
Revision Log: 1 page

**Report No.:** B7294.01-801-12 **Test Date:** 10/13/10

**Report Date:** 03/02/11

**Test Report Retention End Date:** 03/02/15



Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15 Page 1 of 11

# Solar Gard®

Solar Gard® Armorcoat® Safety & Security Films

#### 1.0 MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Name of Applicant: Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics

> 4540 Viewridge Avenue San Diego, California 92123

Office: 800.359.8468

1.2 Miguel Detres (ext. 1025) Contact Person:

Nick Routh (ext. 1033)

#### 2.0 SCOPE OF WORK

2.1 Introduction

> Solar Gard retained Architectural Testing, Inc. (ATI) to conduct a full scale arena blast test on their Solar Gard Armorcoat window film per the requirements of ASTM F1642-04 and UFC 4-010-01.

#### 3.0 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

3.1	Product Type:	Safety & Security Film
3.2	Model Designation:	Solar Gard Armorcoat
3.3	Performance Class:	124 ft Standoff: exceeds 7.25 psi – 36 psi-msec
		159 ft Standoff: exceeds 4 psi – 25 psi-msec
3.4	Overall Size:	Specimens 1-4: 48-3/4" (w) x 66-1/4" (h)
		Specimens 13-16: 36-1/2" (w) x 44-3/4" (h)
3.5	Location:	Lynn County, Texas
3.6	Elevation:	3126 ft
3.7	Test Date:	10/13/2010
3.8	Test Time:	2:21 p.m.
3.9	Ambient Temperature:	80° F
3.10	Relative Humidity:	19%
3.11	Weather Condition:	Clear
3.12	Configuration:	Fixed
3.13	Drawing:	This test report is incomplete if not accompanied by Solar Gard
	-	drawing labeled "Test Specimen Drawings" (sheets 1 through

10) bearing the digital stamp of Architectural Testing, Inc. Specimens provided by Solar Gard.

3.14 Sample Source:

#### 4.0 **EXPLOSIVE CHARGE**

4.1	Charge Type:	ANFO(Ammonium Nitrate Fuel Oil)

4.2 Charge Weight: 400 lbs 4.3 Standoff Distance: 124 ft 159 ft



Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15 Page 2 of 11

#### 5.0 BLAST REACTION CHAMBER

The blast reaction chamber construction consists of wide flange steel beams, steel tubes, and steel skin that enclose the chamber. ATI also placed four (4) foot wide wing walls on the blast reaction chamber's top and sides to reduce clearing effects on the reflecting surface. The overall dimensions of the blast reaction chamber are twenty-eight (28) feet wide, sixteen (16) feet tall, and ten (10) feet deep. The blast reaction chamber encloses a volume that houses witness panels and structural members. The sealed surfaces of the blast reaction chamber prevent air blast pressure from wrapping around the test specimen so that the blast pressure loads only one side of the test specimen.

# 6.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

#### 6.1 <u>Frame Construction</u>

The frame was fabricated using the aluminum extrusions defined in Table 1.

Table 1: Aluminum Extrusion Details

Description Part #		Overall Cross-Section	Alloy/Temper	
Head	FG-3103	4.500" x 2.000" x 0.060"	6063-T5	
Jamb	FG-3100	4.500" x 2.000" x 0.060"	6063-T5	
Sill	FG-3161	4.500" x 2.000" x 0.060"	6063-T5	
Glass Stop	FG-3144	1.500" x 1.500" x 0.060"	6063-T5	

#### 6.1.1 Corner Construction

The vertical members ran through, while the horizontal member ends were square cut, butted and mechanically fastened to each vertical member using two (2) FS-8 #14 x 1" assembly screws.

#### 6.1.2 <u>Dual Pane Frame (Specimens 1-4 and 13-16)</u>

The Head (Part #FG-3103) and Jamb (Part #FG-3100) were used. The Glass Stop (Part #FG-3144) was snap fit to the Sill (Part #FG-3161).

#### 6.2 Glazing Details

#### 6.2.1 Glazing Materials

Glass Type III consisted of 1" (nominal) insulated glass comprised of the following components:

- 1/4" annealed glass
- 1/2" air space
- 1/4" annealed glass

Glass Type IV consisted of 1" (nominal) insulated glass comprised of the following components:

- 1/4" tempered glass
- 1/2" air space
- 1/4" tempered glass

#### 6.2.2 Safety Film

Each specimen used the safety film defined in Table 2.

Table 2: Safety Film Details

Specimen #	Film Type
1-4,13-16	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8 mil

#### 6.2.3 Glazing Method

The glass lites used in the test specimens were glazed using the following (typical) procedures:



Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15 Page 3 of 11

#### 6.2.3.1 Exterior Side

Continuous strips of Gasket (Part #FG-1113) were used.

#### 6.2.3.2 Interior Side

A continuous 3/4" x 3/4" bead of GE SCS2000 SilPruf\* silicone sealant & adhesive to adhere the film to the window frame was used.

#### 6.2.4 <u>Daylight Opening and Glass Bite</u>

Table 3 provides the daylight opening and glass bite for each lite used in this test specimen.

Table 3: Daylight Opening and Glass Bite Details

Specimen #	Qty.	Glazing Material Type	Daylight Opening	Glass Bite
1-4	4	III	44-3/4" (w) x 62-3/4" (h)	2/0″
13-16	4	IV	32-1/2" (w) x 40-3/4" (h)	3/8"

#### 6.3 <u>Sealants Used</u>

Table 4 provides details of each sealant used in each test specimen.

Table 4: Sealant Details

Table II Contain Dotain				
Location	Sealant Description			
Perimeter Sealant	None used			
Frame Joint Sealant	None used			
Glazing Sealant	GE SCS2000 SilPruf* silicone sealant & adhesive			

#### 7.0 PRODUCT INSTALLATION

7.1 Table 5 provides details of the product installation into the steel opening.

Table 5: Product Installation Details

Specimen #	Location	Fastener Schedule	Fastener Description
1-4, 13-16	Perimeter	2" from ends and 10" on center thereafter	Two (2) 1-3/4" x 1-3/4" angles were welded together using two (2) 1/4" fillet welds and used to sandwich the frame on either side. The exterior angles were mechanically fastened to the steel opening using one (1) 9/16" x 2" HH Gr. 5 Bolt and the interior angles were welded to the steel opening using two (2) 1/4" fillet welds.
1-4, 13-16	Perimeter	12" from the Top and Bottom	2" clips on the verticals of the angle mechanically fastened to the exterior and interior using one (1) 9/16" x 2" HH Gr. 5 Bolt

#### 8.0 INSTRUMENTATION

#### 8.1 <u>Data Acquisition System</u>

ATI used a high speed data acquisition system with a system record time of one-hundred thousand (100,000) samples per second.

#### 8.2 <u>Reflected Pressure Transducers</u>

ATI placed eight (8) reflected pressure transducers on the single span blast reaction chambers to measure the reflected blast pressure time histories acting on the surface of the mock-up. The reflected pressure transducer locations are given in Figure 1 and Figure 8.



Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15 Page 4 of 11

#### 8.3 Internal Pressure Transducer

ATI used one (1) pressure transducer to measure the internal incident air blast pressure time history in each of the single span chambers.

#### 8.4 Free Field Pressure Transducers

ATI used one (1) free field pressure transducers to measure the free field incident air blast pressure time histories at each standoff. ATI placed these transducers further than twenty-five (25) feet from any of the blast reaction chambers at standoff distances of 124 feet and 159 feet.

#### 8.5 High Speed Cameras

ATI used digital high speed cameras to record system response under air blast pressure. One (1) camera filmed the exterior of the mock-ups and one (1) camera filmed the interior of each of the mock-ups during air blast pressure loading. The exterior camera and interior camera capturing Specimens 1-4's results malfunctioned and did not capture the blast test.

#### 8.6 Witness Panels

ATI used witness panels as defined in ASTM F1642-04 Section 8.7.5. The witness panel makeup consisted of two layers of material. The outer layer consisted of one-half (1/2) inch thick rigid foam plastic thermal insulation board composed of polyisocyanurate foam bonded to a durable white-matte non-glare aluminum facer and a reflective reinforced aluminum facer with a density of two (2) pounds per cubic foot. The inside layer consisted of one (1) inch extruded polystyrene insulation with a density of 1.8 pounds per cubic foot.

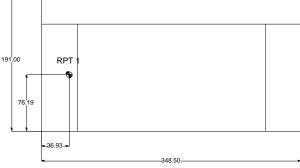
#### **BLAST PRESSURE DATA AT 159 FEET STANDOFF** 9.0

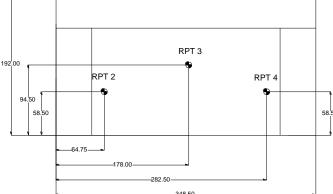
#### Reflected Pressure Transducer Location

Figure 1 shows the locations of the reflected pressure transducers on the two (2) single span reaction chambers that were placed at a standoff of 159 feet.

# CHAMBER 1







CHAMBER 2

Figure 1: Reflected Pressure Transducer Locations

#### 9.2 Reflected Air Blast Pressure Results

Table 6 summarizes the reflected blast pressure and positive phase impulse for each pressure transducer location. Figures 2 through 5 provide the reflected air blast pressure (red) and impulse (blue) time histories graphically.



Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15 Page 5 of 11

Air Blast Parameter	RPT 1	RPT 2	RPT 3	RPT 4	Average
Peak Pressure, (psi)	5.874	5.579	5.992	5.089	5.633
Positive Phase Impulse, (psi-msec)	26.17	22.86	28.97	23.65	25.55 <sup>1</sup>
Positive Phase Duration (msec)	13.22	10.86	15.50	11.62	12.80

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Average is based off ConWep output with clearing effects taken into account.

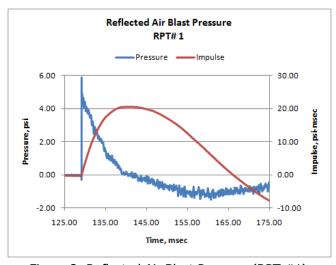


Figure 2: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #1)

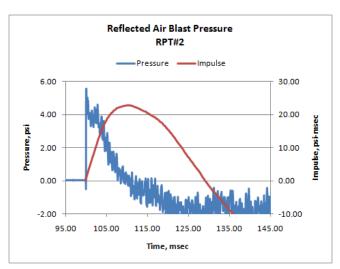


Figure 3: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #2)

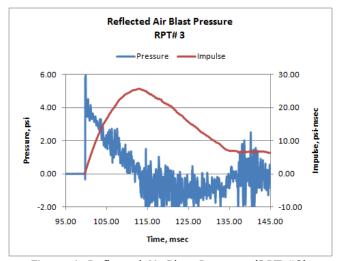


Figure 4: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #3)

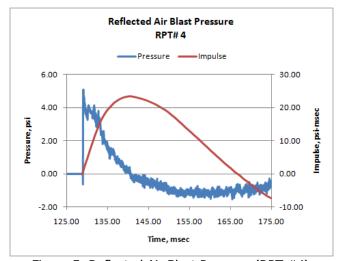


Figure 5: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #4)

# 9.3 Free Field Incident Air Blast Pressure Results

Table 7 provides the results obtained from the free field pressure transducer, and Figure 6 provides the free field incident air blast pressure time histories.



Report Date: 03/02/11
Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15
Page 6 of 11

Table 7: Free Field Incident Air Blast Pressure Results

Table 71 1100 1101a Indiaone 7111 Blace 11000	<u> </u>
Blast Parameter	FF 1
Peak Air Blast Pressure (psi)	3.04
Peak Positive Phase Impulse (psi-msec)	13.98

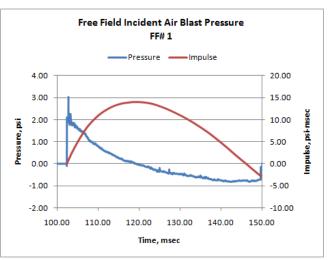


Figure 6: Free Field Incident Air Blast Pressure Time Histories

#### 9.4 <u>Internal Incident Air Blast Pressure Results</u>

ATI measured a maximum internal air blast pressure of approximately 0.56 psi inside the air blast reaction chamber during air blast pressure loading. Figure 7 provides a graph of the internal air blast pressure time history.

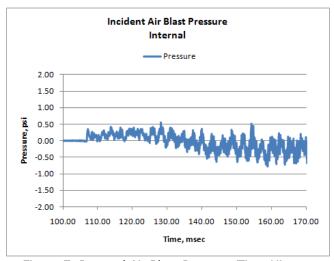


Figure 7: Internal Air Blast Pressure Time History

#### 10.0 BLAST PRESSURE DATA AT 124 FEET STANDOFF

#### 10.1 Reflected Pressure Transducer Location

Figure 8 shows the locations of the reflected pressure transducers on the two (2) single span reaction chambers that were placed at a standoff of 124 feet.



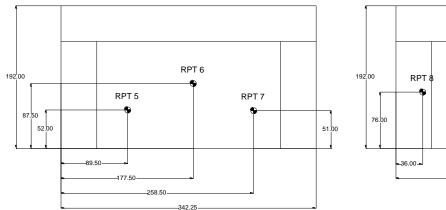
Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15

Page 7 of 11

# CHAMBER 3

# CHAMBER 4



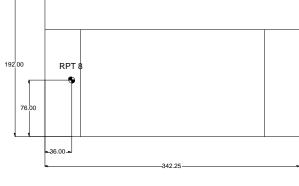


Figure 8: Reflected Pressure Transducer Locations

#### 10.2 Reflected Air Blast Pressure Results

Table 8 summarizes the reflected blast pressure and positive phase impulse for each pressure transducer location. Figures 9 through 12 provide the reflected air blast pressure (red) and impulse (blue) time histories graphically.

Table 8: Reflected Air Blast Pressure Results

Air Blast Parameter	RPT 5	RPT 6	RPT 7	RPT 8	Average
Peak Pressure, (psi)	8.893	7.720	8.895	8.164	8.529
Positive Phase Impulse, (psi-msec)	36.15	38.81	36.59	37.52	36.79 <sup>1</sup>
Positive Phase Duration (msec)	11.65	13.04	11.31	9.613	11.21

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Average is based off ConWep output with clearing effects taken into account.

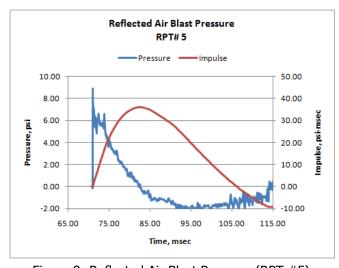


Figure 9: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #5)

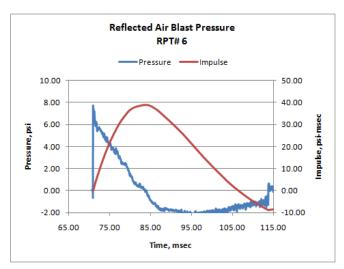
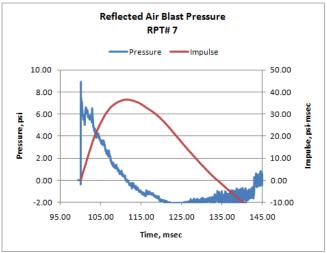


Figure 10: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #6)



Report Date: 03/02/11 03/02/15

Test Record Retention End Date: Page 8 of 11



Reflected Air Blast Pressure RPT#8 Pressure ——Impulse 10.00 50.00 8.00 6.00 30.00 Pressure, psi 20.00 4 00 2 00 10.00 0.00 0.00 -10.00 -2.00 135.00 145.00 95.00 105.00 115.00 125.00 Time, msec

Figure 11: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #7)

Figure 12: Reflected Air Blast Pressure (RPT #8)

#### 10.3 Free Field Incident Air Blast Pressure Results

Table 9 provides the results obtained from the free field pressure transducers, and Figure 13 provides the free field incident air blast pressure time histories.

Table 9: Free Field Incident Air Blast Pressure Results

Blast Parameter	FF 1
Peak Incident Air Blast Pressure (psi)	4.21
Peak Positive Phase Impulse (psi-msec)	20.91

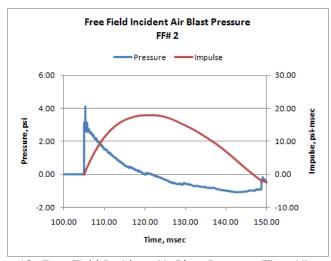


Figure 13: Free Field Incident Air Blast Pressure Time Histories

#### 10.4 Internal Incident Air Blast Pressure Results

ATI measured a maximum internal incident air blast pressure of approximately 0.48 psi inside the air blast reaction chamber during air blast pressure loading. Figure 14 provides a graph of the internal air blast pressure time history.



Report Date: 03/02/11 03/02/15

Test Record Retention End Date: Page 9 of 11

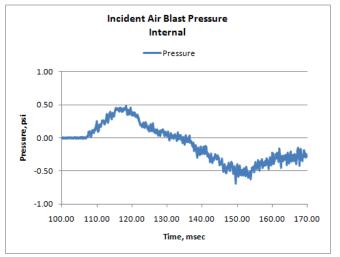


Figure 14: Internal Incident Air Blast Pressure Time History

#### 11.0 TEST RESULTS

#### 11.1 Chamber 1

#### 11.1.1 Glazing Response - Dual Pane Annealed 8 mil Film Wet Glazed

All four (4) of the specimens' inboard and outboard lites fractured during air blast pressure loading. Specimen 2's film tore producing one (1) qualifying fragment past the 1 meter mark. Zero (0) perforations or fragment indents were observed anywhere in the vertical witness panel. Table 10 provides a summary of the glazing response during air blast pressure loading.

Table 10: Glazing Response Summary

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Specimen	Temp.	Fracture Status		Comments	
#	°F	Inboard	Outboard	Comments	
1	71.5	Yes	Yes	No tears or pullout observed.	
2	72.0	Yes	Yes	28" tear observed, no pullout.	
3	70.0	Yes	Yes	No tears or pullout observed.	
4	72.5	Yes	Yes	No tears or pullout observed.	

#### 11.1.2 Frame Response

No visible damage occurred at the head, sill or jambs during air blast pressure loading.

#### 11.1.3 Clip Response

No visible damage occurred at the internal or external jamb clips during air blast pressure loading.

#### Chamber 4 - Dual Pane Tempered 8 mil Film Wet Glazed 11.2

#### 11.2.1 Glazing Response

Specimen 14's inboard and outboard lites fractured during air blast pressure loading. The film showed no signs of tearing and retained the glazing within the frame. Specimens 13, 15 and 16's inboard and outboard lites did not fracture during air blast pressure loading. No qualifying fragment and zero (0) perforations or fragment indents were observed anywhere in the vertical witness panel. Table 11 provides a summary of the glazing response during air blast pressure loading.



Report Date: 03/02/11

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15
Page 10 of 11

Table 11: Glazing Response Summary

Specimen	Temp.	Fracture Status		Comments
#	°F	Inboard	Outboard	Comments
13	73.5	No	No	No tears or pullout observed.
14	73.5	Yes	Yes	No tears or pullout observed.
15	73.0	No	No	No tears or pullout observed.
16	72.5	No	No	No tears or pullout observed.

#### 11.2.2 Frame Response

No visible damage occurred at the head, sill or jambs during air blast pressure loading.

#### 11.2.3 Clip Response

No visible damage occurred at the internal or external jamb clips during air blast pressure loading.

#### 12.0 HAZARD LEVEL AND LEVEL OF PROTECTION

#### 12.1 ASTM F1642-04

#### 12.1.1 <u>Dual Pane Annealed 8 mil Film Wet Glazed</u>

The system performed consistent with a "No Hazard." The exterior and interior lites of Specimen 1, 3 and 4 fractured; however, no breach and no material was lost from the interior surface of the specimens during air blast pressure loading.

#### 12.1.2 Dual Pane Tempered 8 mil Film Wet Glazed

The system performed consistent with a "No Hazard." The exterior and interior lites of Specimen 14 fractured during air blast pressure loading. The glazing was fully retained in the test frames. No breach and no material were lost from the interior surface of the specimens during air blast pressure loading.

#### 12.2 <u>UFC 4-010-01</u>

#### 12.2.1 <u>Dual Pane Annealed 8 mil Film Wet Glazed</u>

The system performed consistent with a "High Level of Protection." The exterior and interior lites of Specimen 1, 3, and 4 fractured; however, no breach and no material was lost from the interior surface of the specimens during air blast pressure loading.

#### 12.2.2 <u>Dual Pane Tempered 8 mil Film Wet Glazed</u>

The system performed consistent with a "High Level of Protection." The exterior and interior lite of Specimen 14 fractured during air blast pressure loading. The glazing was fully retained in the test frames. No breach and no material were lost from the interior surface of the specimens during air blast pressure loading.

#### 13.0 CERTIFICATION AND DISCLAIMER STATEMENT

All tests performed on these test specimens were conducted in accordance with the specifications of the applicable codes, standards and test methods listed below by ATI.ATI does not have, nor does it intend to acquire or will it acquire, a financial interest in any company manufacturing or distributing products tested at ATI.ATI is not owned, operated or controlled by any company manufacturing or distributing products it tests. This report is only intended for the use of the entity named in Section 1.0 of this report. Detailed assembly drawings showing wall thickness of all members, corner construction and hardware applications are on file and have been compared to the test specimens submitted. ATI will service this report for the entire test record retention period. Test records that are retained such as detailed drawings, datasheets, representative samples of test specimens, or other pertinent project documentation will be retained by ATI for the entire test record retention period.



Report Date: 03/02/11 ntion End Date: 03/02/15

Test Record Retention End Date: 03/02/15
Page 11 of 11

All results obtained apply only to the specimens tested and they do indicate compliance with the performance requirements of the test methods and specifications listed in the following section.

If test specimens contain glazing, no conclusions of any kind regarding the adequacy or inadequacy of the glass in any glazed test specimens can be made. This report does not constitute certification of this product nor an opinion or endorsement by this laboratory. It is the exclusive property of the client so named herein and relates only to the specimens tested. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of ATI.

# 14.0 APPLICABLE CODES, STANDARDS, AND TEST METHODS

**ASTM F-1642-04**: Glazing and Glazing Systems subject to Airblast Loading **UFC 4-010-01**: DoD Minimum Antiterrorism Standard for Buildings

#### 15.0 WITNESSES

Vinu J. Abraham, P.E.SE Region Vice PresidentArchitectural Testing, Inc.Daniel Simmons, E.I.T.Project ManagerArchitectural Testing, Inc.Bart MastersTechnicianArchitectural Testing, Inc.Jay IgnazinskiTechnicianArchitectural Testing, Inc.

Miguel Detres Technical Service Representative Solar Gard®

# **16.0 APPENDICES**

This test report is incomplete if not accompanied by the following Appendices.

Appendix A: Test Specimen Drawings	11 Pages
Appendix B: Test Setup	3 Pages
Appendix C: Photographic Record	8 Pages
Appendix D: GE SCS2000 SilPruf* Specifications	
Revision Log	1 Page

Daniel Simmons, E.I.T. Project Manager

Vinu J. Abraham, P.E. FL Reg. #53820 Vice President – Southeast Region

Page A1 of A11

APPENDIX A: "Test Specimen Drawings" 10 SHEETS



# Test Specimen Drawings - ASTM F 1642 Solar Gard® Armorcoat® Safety & Security Films

- a. Glazing materials
  - i. Type III Insulated glass unit made up of two sheets of  $\frac{1}{4}$ " annealed glass separated by a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " air space.
    - 1. Daylight opening of 44 ¾" by 62 ¾"
    - 2. Windows within Chamber 1
  - iv. Type IV Insulated glass unit made up of two sheets of  $\frac{1}{4}$ " tempered glass by a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " air space.
    - 3. Daylight opening of 32 1/2" by 40 3/4"
    - 4. Windows within Chamber 4
- b. Safety & Security Film The following type of safety & security film was tested.
  - i. Solar Gard® Armorcoat® 8mil
- c. Frame assembly Specimens were prepared using clear anodized aluminum. The following parts list was used to fabricate the units. The details of these parts are defined in Section I.

Description	Manufactured Part #	Overall Dimensions	Material
	Insulated Glas	ss Unit Series 3000	
Head	FG-3103	4 1/2" x 2" x 0.060"	
Jamb	FG-3100	4 1/2" x 2" x 0.060"	6063 T5
Sill	FG-3161	4 1/2" x 2" x 0.060"	Aluminum
Glass Stop	FG-3144	1 1/2" x 1 1/2" x 0.060"	
Fastener	FS-8 #14	1"	

- d. Corner assembly Frames were all square cut and assembled using fastener FS-8 #14 (1").
- e. Glass bite Each window unit had a glass bite of 3/8 inch.
- f. Exterior glazing method The following glazing material was used to glaze the exterior portion of the glass.



Architectural Testing, Inc Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



Description	Manufactured Part #	
Gasket (vinyl filler)	FG-1133	

- g. Interior glazing method Solar Gard attached the Solar Gard Armorcoat film with GE SCS2000 SilPruf\* structural sealant. The wet glaze attachment consisted of a ¾" bead on the interior side of the glazing to adhere the film to the window frame as shown in Section II. Specifications for the GE SCS2000 SilPruf\* can be reviewed in Appendix D.
- h. Test buck installation method Architectural Testing Inc. installed the window frames into the test bucks using 1-3/4" x 1-3/4" angles sandwiching the specimens with 2" clips on the verticals of the angle 12" from the top and bottom. The details of this installation are in Section III.

Exterior mounting - The exterior angles were mechanically fastened to the steel opening using one (1) 9/16" x 2" HH Gr. 5 Bolt. Hardware spacing: 2" from the end and 10" on center thereafter. 2" clips were mechanically fastened on the verticals of the angle 12" from the top and bottom were installed using (1) 9/16" x 2" HH Gr. 5 Bolt

Interior mounting - The interior angles were welded to the steel opening using two (2) 1/4" fillet welds. 2" clips were mechanically fastened on the verticals of the angle 12" from the top and bottom were installed using (1) 9/16" x 2" HH Gr. 5 Bolt

Fastener Schedule	Fastener Description
2" from ends and 10" on center thereafter	Two (2) 1-3/4" x 1-3/4" angles were welded together using two (2) 1/4" fillet welds and used to sandwich the frame on either side. The exterior angles were mechanically fastened to the steel opening using one (1) 9/16" x 2" HH Gr. 5 Bolt and the interior angles were welded to the steel opening using two (2) 1/4" fillet welds— Details in Section III
12" from the Top and Bottom	2" clips on the verticals of the angle – Details in Section III



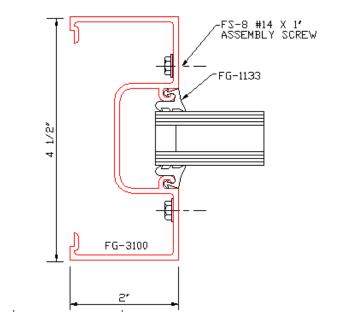
Architectural Testing, Inc Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>

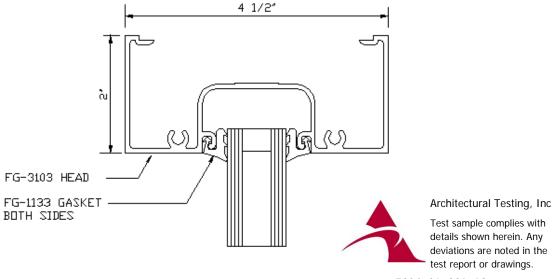


#### **SECTION I**

- a. Dual pane frame detail
  - i. Jamb detail



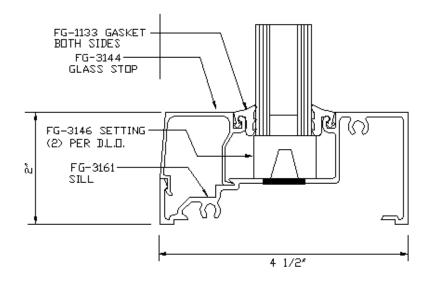
#### ii. Head detail



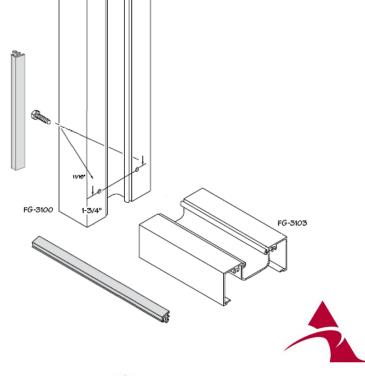
Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



#### iii. Sill detail



#### iv. Assembly



Architectural Testing, Inc

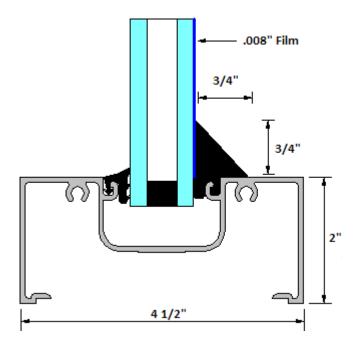
Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



#### **SECTION II**

- a. Wet glaze installation detail
  - i. 8mil Film on Dual Pane Glass





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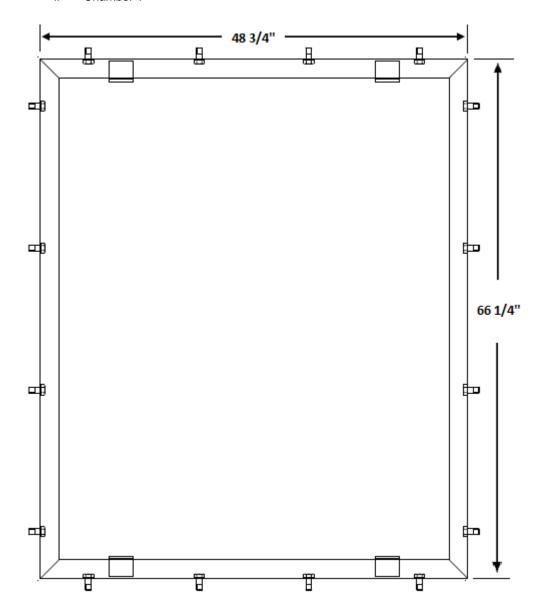
Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



#### **SECTION III**

- a. Test Buck & Frame Installation Detail
  - i. Chamber 1





Architectural Testing, Inc

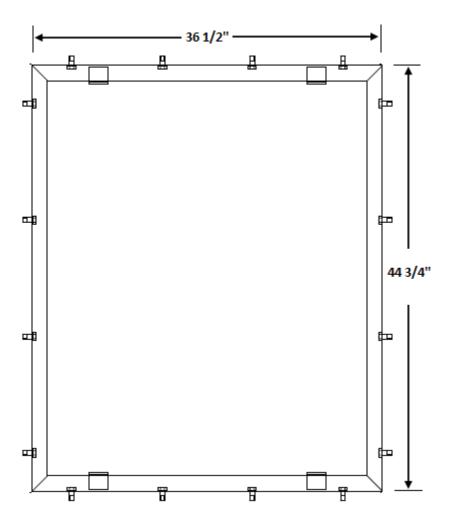
Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>

Date: <u>03/28/12</u> By: <u>DS</u>



#### ii. Chamber 4





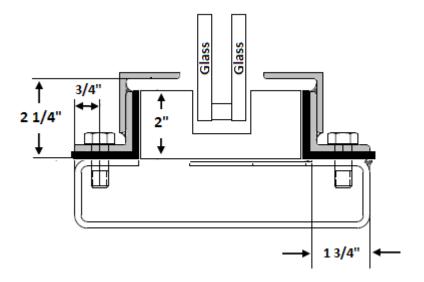
Architectural Testing, Inc

Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



#### iii. Chamber I & IV Bracket Detail





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Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

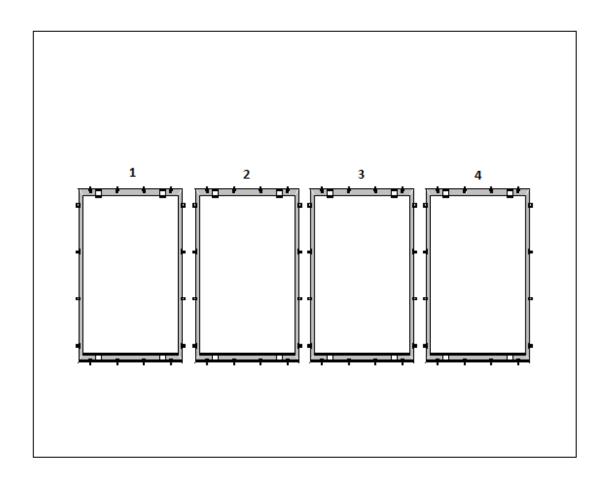
Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



#### a. Chamber drawings

#### i. Chamber 1

	Window	Glazing Type	Assembled Unit Size	Film Type	Attachment Type
ber 1	1	IGU Annealed-Type III	48 3/4" x 66 1/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed
amb	2	IGU Annealed-Type III	48 3/4" x 66 1/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed
ਠ	3	IGU Annealed-Type III	48 3/4" x 66 1/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed
	4	IGU Annealed-Type III	48 3/4" x 66 1/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed





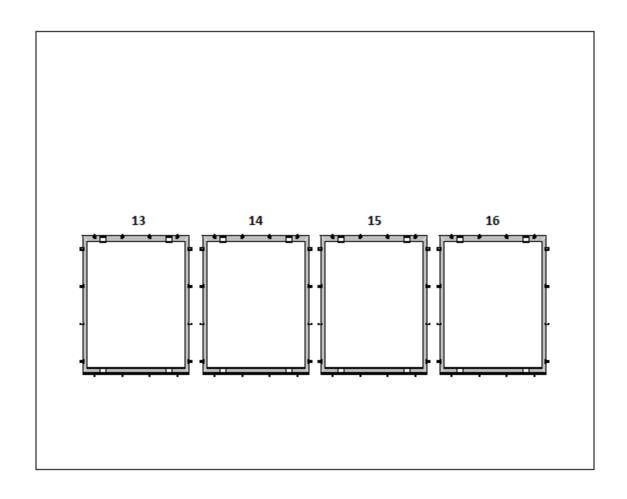
Architectural Testing, Inc Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>



#### ii. Chamber 4

	Window	Glazing Type	Assembled Unit Size	Film Type	Attachment Type
er 4	13	IGU Tempered-Type IV	36 1/2" x 44 3/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed
amb	14	IGU Tempered-Type IV	36 1/2" x 44 3/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed
ਠੌ	15	IGU Tempered-Type IV	36 1/2" x 44 3/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed
	16	IGU Tempered-Type IV	36 1/2" x 44 3/4"	Solar Gard Armorcoat 8mil	Wet Glazed





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Test sample complies with details shown herein. Any deviations are noted in the test report or drawings.

Report #: <u>B7294.01-801-12</u>

Date: <u>03/28/12</u> By: <u>DS</u>

Page B1 of B3

APPENDIX B: TEST SETUP

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page B2 of B3



Figure B.1: Range Setup



Figure B.2: Free-Field Pressure Transducers 159 ft Standoff



Figure B.3: Free-Field Pressure Transducers 124 ft Standoff



Figure B.4: Pre-Blast Specimen Setup Chamber 1

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page B3 of B3



Figure B.5: Pre-Blast Specimen Setup Chamber 4

Page C1 of C8

# APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHIC RECORD

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C2 of C8



Figure C.1: Chamber 1 Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.3: Specimen 1
Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.2: L1 Bolt Connection Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.4: Specimen 2 Pre-Blast Condition

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C3 of C8



Figure C.5: Specimen 3
Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.7: Specimen 2 Fragment



Figure C.6: Specimen 4 External Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.8: Specimen 1 External Post-Blast Condition

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C4 of C8



Figure C.9: Specimen 2 External Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.10: Specimen 3 External Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.11: Specimen 4 External Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.12: Specimen 1 Internal Post-Blast Condition

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C5 of C8



Figure C.13: Specimen 2 Internal Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.15: Specimen 4 Internal Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.14: Specimen 3 Internal Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.16: Chamber 4 Pre-Blast Condition

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C6 of C8



Figure C.17: Specimen 13 Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.19: Specimen 15 Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.18: Specimen 14 Pre-Blast Condition



Figure C.20: Specimen 16 Pre-Blast Condition

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C7 of C8



Figure C.21: Specimen 13 External Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.22: Specimen 14 External Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.23: Specimen 15 External Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.24: Specimen 16 External Post-Blast Condition

Test Report No.: B7294.01-801-12 Page C8 of C8



Figure C.25: Specimen 13 Internal Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.26: Specimen 14 Internal Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.27: Specimen 15 Internal Post-Blast Condition



Figure C.28: Specimen 16 Internal Post-Blast Condition

Page D1 of D4

APPENDIX D:
GE SCS2000 SilPruf\* Specifications



# SilPruf\* SCS2000 silicone sealant & adhesive

### **Product Description**

SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is a dual-purpose silicone and is a candidate for use in both weathersealing and structural glazing applications. SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is a one-component, medium-modulus, neutral cure silicone useful on a wide variety of materials in new or remedial applications. SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is supplied as a paste and upon cure produces a durable, formed-in-place silicone rubber joint sealant.

# **Typical Performance Properties**

- **Silicone Durability** cured silicone rubber exhibits excellent long term resistance to natural weathering, including: ultraviolet radiation, high and low temperatures and rain and snow, with negligible change in elasticity.
- Proven Track Record Improving global construction projects since 1974; SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive demonstrates superior sealing performance and long-lasting weatherability in a variety of applications.
- Adhesion primerless adhesion to many substrates and finishes. May be considered a candidate for use with numerous construction-related materials, including: glass, polycarbonate, vinyl, numerous plastics, treated and untreated wood, fluoropolymer and powder coated paints, conversion-coated and anodized aluminum, EIFS, brick, terra-cotta, ceramic and porcelain materials, concrete and natural stones. Some finishes or substrates may require a primer.
- ±50% Movement Capacity can accommodate 50% movement in both extension and compression and has excellent recovery after cycling.
- High Performance Properties SilPruf's combination of high tensile strength, high tear strength and the capacity to absorb high deformations (elongation) make this product an outstanding candidate for protective glazing designs and seismic applications.
- Stable Consistency (uncured state) supplied as a lightweight paste, the consistency of which remains relatively unchanged over a wide temperature range. The paste is able to be easily gunned and tooled under hot and cold conditions.

Momentive Performance Materials is an exclusive licensee of General Electric. Momentive Performance Materials provides versatile materials as the starting point for its creative approach to ideas that help enable new developments across hundreds of industrial and consumer applications.

We are helping customers solve product, process, and performance problems; our silanes, fluids, elastomers, sealants, resins, adhesives, urethane additives, and other specialty products are delivering innovation in everything from car engines to biomedical

devices. From helping to develop safer tires and keeping electronics cooler, to improving the feel of lipstick and ensuring the reliability of adhesives, our technologies and enabling solutions are at the frontline of innovation.



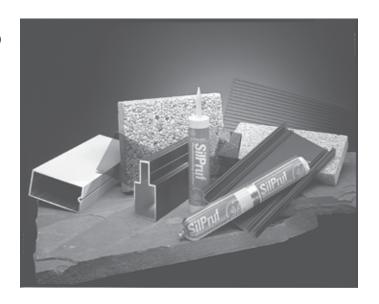
Exclusive Licensee

#### **Typical Performance Properties** (continued)

- Thermal Stability (cured state) once cured, the material remains elastic over a range of -55°F (-48°C) to 300°F (149°C) and up to 400°F (204°C) under intermittent short-term exposure.
- **Extended Work Life** designed to allow the user sufficient time for placement and tooling.
- Low Sag or Slump useful for application to horizontal, vertical or overhead surfaces.
- **Low VOC** significantly lower than the requirements of the U.S. Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (L.E.E.D.) program.
- **Product Versatility** full adhesive and chemical compatibility with GE sealants' silicone elastomeric coating (SilShield\* SEC2400) and silicone pre-cured weatherstrip (UltraSpan\* US1100).
- Compatible with these GE sealants insulating glass products: IGS3703, IGS3713-D1, IGS3729, IGS3723, IGS3733, IGS3743.
- Compatible with these GE sealants weatherproofing product lines: SCS2700, SCS9000, SCS2800, US1100, SEC2400.
- Compatible with these GE sealants structural products SSG4000, SSG4000AC, SSG4800J, SSG4400.
- Neutral cure byproduct with low odor.

#### **Basic Uses**

- SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is useful as a weatherproofing material when sealing between dissimilar or similar materials in either new or remedial glazing and sealing applications.
- SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is useful as a weatherproofing sealant at window perimeters and punched openings.
- SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is useful as a structural glazing adhesive (project review required).
- SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive has been sucessfully tested in protective glazing designs and may be considered a candidate for such applications.
- SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is useful as an adhesive in panel stiffener applications.
- SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is useful for adhering GE UltraSpan US1100 pre-cured silicone weatherstrip product line.



### **Packaging**

SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is available in 10.1 fl. oz. (299 ml) plastic caulking cartridges, 20 fl. oz. (591.5 mL) foil sausage packs, 2 gallon plastic pails (2 gals. / 7.6 L) and 5 gallon plastic pails (5 gals. / 18.9 L). Plastic cartridges are packaged as 24 units in cardboard boxes and are dispensed using a single component hand or air-pressured caulking gun. Cartridges and pails are designed for convenience in shipping and are easily handled by warehouse workers and mechanics on scaffolds and staging. Sausage packs are designed to reduce volume of used containers compared to conventional sealant cartridges, thereby reducing solid waste. The use of sausage packs also boosts productivity by cutting typical reloading time in half.

#### **Colors**

SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive is available in 8 standard colors, 6 special colors, and can be custom colored.

Grade	Color
SCS2002	White
SCS2003	Black
SCS2004	Limestone
SCS2008	Light Grey
SCS2009	
SCS2010	
SCS2020	Precast White
SCS2097	Bronze
SCS2040	Earth Tone
SCS2041	
SCS2046	
SCS2006	Antique Pink
SCS2100.0322	•
SCS2100.0148	Sandy Beige

#### SilPruf\* SCS2000 silicone sealant & adhesive

# **Specifications**

Typical property values of SilPruf SCS2000 sealant & adhesive as supplied and cured are set forth in the tables below. Typical product data values should not be used as specifications. Assistance with specifications is available by contacting Momentive Performance Materials<sup>1</sup> at 1-800-255-8886.

# **Typical Properties – Supplied**

Property	Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Test Method
Consistency	Paste	
Polymer	100% silicone	
VOC	20 g/l	WPSTM C1454
Work Life (tooling time)	20-30 minutes	
Tack Free Time	3-4 hours (@ 72°F, 50% RH)	ASTM C679
Sag/Slump	0.1" max.	ASTM D2202

# **Typical Properties – Cured**

Property	Value <sup>(1)</sup>	Test Method
Hardness, Durometer (Type A Indentor)	24	ASTM D2240
Ultimate Tensile Strength	341 psi (2.35 MPa)	ASTM D412
Ultimate Elongation	715%	ASTM D412
Tensile at 50% Elongation	47.0 psi (0.32 MPa)	ASTM C1184
Tensile at 100% Elongation	73.2 psi (0.50 MPa)	ASTM C1184
Ultimate Tensile Strength	140.5 psi (0.97 MPa)	ASTM C1135
Ultimate Elongation	353%	ASTM C1135
Tear Strength; die B	76.8 ppi	ASTM D624
Shear Strength (@ 1/4" thickness)	121.4 psi (0.84 Mpa)	ASTM C961
Peel Strength (average) (21-day cure @ 75°F (21°C) 50% RH)	56.6 pli	ASTM C794
Joint Movement Capability	±50%	ASTM C719
Service Temperature Range (after cure)	-55°F to +250°F (-48°C to 121°C)	
Fire Endurance	2 hours (with backer)	UL723, ASTM E814
Weathering and U.V. Resistance	Excellent	GE 20 yr. study
Cure Time (1/4" or 6 mm deep section) @ 75°F (24°C) 50% RH	3-4 days	
Full Cure (most common bead sizes)	10-14 days	

<sup>(1)</sup> Average value. Actual value may vary.

# Revision Log

Rev. #	Date	Page(s)	Section #	Revision(s)
0	3/2/2011	N/A	N/A	Original Report Issued.
1	4/7/2011	C3	Figure C.6	"Post" corrected to "Pre"
2	4/7/2011	C3	Figure C.8	Figure was added (was missing in original)
3	3/28/2012	Cover,	1.0, 2.0,	Changed all occurrences of "Bekaert Specialty Films, LLC"
		1, and	3.0 and	to "Solar Gard ®". Changed Applicant to Saint-Gobain
		13	15.0	Performance Plastics.